



Fire Marshal's Office
San Mateo County Fire
CAL FIRE

320 Paul Scannell Drive, San Mateo, California 94402 (650) 573-3846

Date: May 17, 2004

Revised: March 28,
2017

Number: *CFS-002*

Title: *Rural Water Supply*

Approved: *Mark Mondragon*

SCOPE: The provisions of this standard establish a minimum emergency water supply and flow to attack or defend property from fire. These provisions shall apply to structures located in rural areas not serviced by a water purveyor, pursuant to a new development approval. A water supply and fire flow shall be provided to every new facility or building hereinafter constructed or moved into or within the jurisdiction or when portions of a facility or building are thereafter constructed to have a less than a 17 safety score as outlined by the San Mateo County Building Department.

TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY: Water supplies may consist of reservoirs, pressure tanks, elevated tanks, water mains or other fixed systems capable of providing the required fire flow.

In calculating the emergency water supply, swimming pools shall not be considered as a primary water source.

WATER TANKS – GENERAL PROVISIONS:

1. Water tanks may be constructed of concrete, metal, wood, fiberglass or polypropylene plastic.
2. A screened vent 1.5 times the diameter of the outlet is required. (e.g. 4-inch outlet = 6-inch vent).
3. Water tank(s) supplying hydrants shall be located at an elevation that provides adequate positive pressure.
4. Water tanks shall be interconnected by using a minimum pipe size of 4 inch, interconnection piping and valves must be of a material not damaged by UV exposure. The cross connection shall also have an appropriately sized control valve located at each tank.
5. Landscaping water supply shall not be stored in tanks providing water for fire hydrants unless approved by the Fire Marshal, the landscaping water is in addition to that required for fire protection and a automatically activated solenoid valve shall be required to avoid pressure loss in fire protection water supply due to large demand from the same water supply (landscaping or agricultural irrigation).
6. Water tanks used for fire protection shall remain full at all times, and shall be filled automatically from a reliable water source (e.g. well, year round spring or creek).
7. Where water tanks provide both domestic and fire protection supply, the water tank shall be fitted with a float switch wired to the domestic water shut off solenoid.
8. Control valves shall be provided for all hydrant installations and be located at the tank or in a location approved by the Fire Marshal.
9. All aboveground fire sprinkler or fire hydrant water piping shall be metallic.

RURAL WATER SUPPLY DETERMINATION:

1. Water Storage for One and Two Family Dwellings (Group R Division 3):
Residential structures up to 3600 square ft. = 7,500 gallons plus required domestic.
Over 3600 square ft. = Determined by the Fire Marshal utilizing NFPA 1142
2. Fire flow requirements for multiple structures shall be calculated based on the structure requiring the largest Fire Flow per NFPA 1142.

RURAL HYDRANTS – GENERAL PROVISIONS:

1. Hydrants shall be clearly visible from the street. The location and placement of hydrants shall be approved by the Fire Marshal.
2. Hydrants shall be located no closer than 50 feet to any building, no further away than 150 feet of the protected structure, and be located on the fire department access side of the building.
3. Hydrant supply pipe shall be listed and approved for fire protection service for underground pipe, such as AWWA C900. Pipe shall be buried a minimum of 30 inch below grade (36 inch if the pipe passes under a road or is subject to heavy loads).
4. Pipes supplying rural hydrants shall have a minimum diameter of no less than 4 inches.
5. Rural **hydrants used for drafting** shall have at least one 4 ½” outlet with National Hose thread and shall have a removable metallic cap. **Wharf hydrants that are gravity or pump fed may use a single discharge that has a 2 ½ inch outlet with National Hose thread.**
6. The hydrant riser and elbow shall be steel. All above ground piping used for fire hydrant water supply shall be metallic.
7. Hydrants shall have a concrete pad, 4 in. deep x 2 ft. x 2 ft., at the base.
8. All drafting hydrants and supply piping shall be designed to support a negative 30 inch Hg drafting operation.
9. All draft hydrants shall be positive pressure and meet the required fire flow on demand. (Hydrants requiring priming, shall not be considered as a primary water source).
10. Hydrants shall be positioned so the center of the discharge is 30 inch to 36 inch above grade and be within 5 feet of the roadway.
11. Concrete thrust blocks (when required) shall be sized in accordance with national standards and shall be provided at all changes in pipe direction.
12. All hydrants shall have a 3-foot diameter minimum physical clearance, (retaining walls guardposts, rocks etc.).
14. Flammable vegetation shall be cleared for a minimum 3-foot radius from around all hydrants regardless of type.
15. Permanent guard posts or bollards shall be installed where necessary to protect exposed fire hydrants from vehicular damage.
16. Hydrants shall not be obstructed by parking or in any other manner. “No Parking” signs may be required.

17. Rural hydrants shall have a permanent sign affixed, red in color with white 1 inch letters stating “Hydrant, _____ gallons”, with the gallons of water available for the hydrant provided, shall be painted red and have a minimum 2” Blue reflective band around the top of the pipe just below the valve.

WATER SYSTEM PLAN SUBMITTAL: A plan showing all components of the fire protection water system shall be submitted to the Building Inspection Section of San Mateo County for review and approval by the San Mateo County Fire Department and shall include the following:

1. Size, location and type of all water supply tanks showing vent and outlet locations and sizes.
2. A complete description and diagram showing the water piping layout. Include water source (e.g., supply lines, wells, springs, community water system tap).
3. Size, type, location and depth of cover for all piping including domestic/fire sprinkler supply and hydrant supply.
4. Size, type and location of all control valves, fittings, required pumps (with specifications), electrical service, and all structures.
5. Size, type, location and capability of fire hydrants.
6. Elevation of water tank, hydrant and sprinklered buildings.

INSPECTIONS: Prior to covering any fire suppression water supply pipe, the San Mateo County Fire Department, Office for Protection and Planning must be notified.

HYDRANT PRESSURE TEST & FLUSH

The installing contractor shall pressure test and flush the underground fire hydrant supply pipe as required. The flush and pressure test require verification by County Fire.

FIRE SPRINKLER PRESSURE TEST AND FLUSH

Prior to connecting the underground fire sprinkler supply pipe to the fire sprinkler riser, the pipe shall be pressure tested and flushed by the installing contractor, as required. If the underground piping is not to be connected to the riser immediately, the pipe shall be capped to prevent contamination.

REFERENCE: NFPA 1142, CFC Section 507, & Appendix B, BB. CA Code of Regulations, Title 14 Section 1275.00 – 1275.20.